

Handout 2 Adverse Actions

Process of Adverse Action

Step One: An adverse action is an official document filed by the

Department, and must be served in person or by registered

mail with a complete proof-of-service.

Step Two: Employee has five working days from the proof-of-service

date to respond to the charges, either in writing or in a Skelly

meeting. The Skelly officer can recommend sustaining,

modifying or withdrawing the adverse action.

Step Three: If the adverse action is not withdrawn, the employee can file

an appeal with the State Personnel Board Appeals Division

adverse action. Local 1000 has a standard form for filing all

within 30 calendar days after the effective date of the

SPB appeals.

Step Four: The State Personnel Board (SPB) will schedule the adverse

action appeal for an evidentiary hearing before an

Administrative Law Judge (ALJ). The ALJ can recommend sustaining the action; modification of the penalty; revocation

of the action; and/or restore the employee to his/her position.

Step Five: SPB may adopt the proposed decision, modify the penalty;

reject the decision; or remand the decision to the ALJ for

further findings.

Step Six: If SPB rejects the proposed decision, the parties are given an

opportunity to purchase the transcript, file written argument, and provide oral argument to the Board at a public meeting.

The Board will then issue its own decision in the case.